



LUDWIG-
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Lineare Algebra I – Tutoriumsblatt 11

Aufgabe 1.

Compute the determinants of the following matrices:

1. $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix},$
2. $\begin{pmatrix} \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \\ -\cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \end{pmatrix},$
3. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 + \sqrt{2} & 2 - \sqrt{5} \\ 2 + \sqrt{5} & 1 - \sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix},$
4. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix},$
5. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & i & 1 + i \\ -i & 1 & 0 \\ 1 - i & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix},$
6. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \omega & \omega^2 \\ 1 & \omega^2 & \omega \end{pmatrix},$ for $\omega = \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3}.$

Aufgabe 2.

Use the Laplace expansion to compute the determinant of the following matrix:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 & -3 & -2 \\ -2 & -3 & 2 & -5 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ -1 & 6 & 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Aufgabe 3.

Give an example of a subgroup of order 6 in $\mathfrak{S}_4$.

Aufgabe 4.

Consider a subset $\mathbb{H}$ of $M_2(\mathbb{C})$ of all matrices of a form

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ -\bar{\beta} & \bar{\alpha} \end{pmatrix}.$$

1. Prove that $\mathbb{H}$ is a subring in $M_2(\mathbb{C})$, which is also a $\mathbb{R}$ -subspace of $M_2(\mathbb{C})$.
2. Compute the determinant of a matrix from $\mathbb{H}$.
3. Prove that the set $\{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2 \mid a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ is closed under multiplication.