

Winter term 2023/24

## Topology I

## Sheet 2

Exercise 1. Let $X$ be a topological space and $A \subseteq X$ a subspace.
(a) Under what conditions on $A$ is the canonical map $X \rightarrow X / A$ open?
(b) Let $B \subseteq A$ be another subspace. Show that $A / B$ is naturally a subspace of $X / B$ and there is a homeomorphism $(X / B) /(A / B) \cong X / A$.

Exercise 2. Let $G$ be a group acting continuously on a topological space $X$.
(a) Show that the canonical map $X \rightarrow X / G$ is open.
(b) Suppose that $H \leq G$ is a normal subgroup. Show that $G / H$ acts continuously on $X / H$ and there is a homeomorphism $(X / H) /(G / H) \cong X / G$.

Exercise 3. Consider the semi-direct product $\mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$ for $\mathbb{Z}$ acting on itself via sign: The underlying set of $\mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$ is $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ and the group law • is defined by

$$
(a, b) \cdot\left(a^{\prime}, b^{\prime}\right)=\left(a+(-1)^{b} a^{\prime}, b+b^{\prime}\right) \quad(a, b),\left(a^{\prime}, b^{\prime}\right) \in \mathbb{Z}^{2} .
$$

(a) Show that $\mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$ is generated by $S=(1,0)$ and $T=(0,1)$, and that $\mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$ acts continuously on $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ by $S(x, y)=(x, y+1)$ and $T(x, y)=(x+1,-y)$ for all $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$. The quotient $K=\mathbb{R}^{2} / \mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$ is called the Klein bottle.
(b) Exhibit $\mathbb{Z}^{2}$ as an index two subgroup of $\mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$.
(c) Let $C_{2}$ be a cyclic group of order two. Show that there is a continuous action of $C_{2}$ on the 2-torus $T^{2}=\mathbb{R}^{2} / \mathbb{Z}^{2}$ and a map $T^{2} \rightarrow K$ inducing a homeomorphism $T^{2} / C_{2} \cong K$.
(d) Show that the unit square $[0,1]^{2} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{2}$ is a fundamental domain for the action of both $\mathbb{Z}^{2}$ and $\mathbb{Z} \rtimes \mathbb{Z}$. Describe both $T^{2}$ and $K$ as quotient spaces of $[0,1]^{2}$ by a suitable equivalence relation.

Exercise 4. Let $X$ be a topological space and $f: X \rightarrow X$ a map. Define the mapping torus of $f$ to be the space $T_{f}=(X \times[0,1]) / \sim$ where $\sim$ is the equivalence relation generated by $(x, 1) \sim(f(x), 0)$ for all $x \in X$.
(a) Show that the projection onto $[0,1]$ induces a continuous map $T_{f} \rightarrow S^{1}$.
(b) Show that the Klein bottle $K$ is homeomorphic to the mapping torus of $f: S^{1} \rightarrow S^{1}, f(z)=z^{-1}$.
(c) Describe the composite map $T^{2} \rightarrow K \rightarrow S^{1}$ (cf. Exercise 3 (c)).

Exercise 5. Let $G$ be a group acting continuously on a space $X$. Let $f_{1}, f_{2}: G \times X \rightarrow X$ be the maps defined by $f_{1}(g, x)=x$ and $f_{2}(g, x)=g x$, respectively. Compute the coequaliser of $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$.

Exercise 6. Let $p>1$ be an integer and let $q_{1}, \ldots, q_{n}$ be integers coprime to $p$. An action of the cyclic group $C_{p}$ on $\mathbb{C}^{n}$ is generated by

$$
\left(z_{1}, \ldots, z_{n}\right) \mapsto\left(e^{2 \pi i q_{1} / p} z_{1}, \ldots, e^{2 \pi i q_{n} / p} z_{n}\right)
$$

In the lecture we wrote $\mathbb{C}\left(q_{1}\right) \oplus \cdots \oplus \mathbb{C}\left(q_{n}\right)$ for $\mathbb{C}^{n}$ equipped with this action. Show that the induced action on the unit sphere $S\left(\mathbb{C}\left(q_{1}\right) \oplus \cdots \oplus \mathbb{C}\left(q_{n}\right)\right) \cong S^{2 n-1}$ is free.

