

LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN



Fall term 2022

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## Selected Topics in Complex Geometry

Sheet 01

## Exercise 1.

- 1. Show that the Fubini-Study form  $\omega_{FS}$  (defined in the lecture) is indeed well-defined and a Kähler form.
- 2. Show that the form  $\omega = \frac{1}{2i}\partial\bar{\partial}(1 \|z\|^2)$  is a Kähler form on  $D^n = \{z \in \mathbb{C}^n \mid \|z\| < 1\}.$

**Exercise 2.** Prove that on any compact complex manifold X, the Kähler cone  $K_X \subseteq H^{1,1}(X, \mathbb{R})$  is an open convex cone.

**Exercise 3.** Show that a hermitian metric h on a complex manifold X, with associated two-form  $\omega = -\operatorname{Im}(h)$ , is Kähler if and only if around every point  $x \in X$  there is a local coordinate system  $z_1, ..., z_n$  for which the Taylor-expansion of  $\omega - \sum_{i_1}^n dz_i \wedge d\overline{z}_i$  has no linear term in the  $z_i, \overline{z}_i$ .

**Exercise 4.** Show that a hermitian metric h on a complex manifold X, with associated two-form  $\omega$  and associated Riemannian metric g = Re(h), is Kähler if and only if J is parallel for the associated Levi-Cività connection, i.e.  $\nabla J = 0$ .

Submit your solutions to J. Stelzig by email or on paper until Wed, May 4th, 14:00.