

Numerik I (Zentralübung)

Problem Sheet 4

Question 1

[4 + 2 = 6 points]

- (a) Determine a suitable algebraic system for computing the quadratic spline s of a function $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ corresponding to the points $a = x_0 < x_1 < \dots < x_n = b$. That is, determine a suitable matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ and a vector $g = (g_0, g_1, \dots, g_{n-1}) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ (in terms of $f(x_i)$ and x_i) such that

$$A(s'(x_0), s'(x_1), \dots, s'(x_{n-1}))^t = g,$$

with the additional condition that $s'(x_n) = 0$.

- (b) Calculate the quadratic spline for the function $f: [0, 3] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = x^2$, where $h = 1$ (so $x_i = i$ for $0 \leq i \leq 3$).

Question 2

[2 + 3 + 2 = 7 points]

Let

$$\Delta = \{a = x_0 < x_1 < \dots < x_n = b\}$$

be a decomposition of a given interval $[a, b]$. Let $C_{\Delta}^1[a, b]$ denote the space of continuous functions on $[a, b]$ that are piecewise differentiable with respect to Δ (i.e. differentiable on every interval (x_{i-1}, x_i) for $1 \leq i \leq n$).

Recall that for a piecewise differentiable $g \in C_{\Delta}^1[a, b]$,

$$\|g'\|_2 := \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \int_{x_{i-1}}^{x_i} |g'(x)|^2 dx \right)^{1/2}.$$

Suppose $f \in C_{\Delta}^1[a, b]$, and let $s_f \in S_{\Delta,1}$ be the piecewise linear spline that interpolates f at the points x_i . That is, we have $s_f(x_i) = f(x_i)$ for $0 \leq i \leq n$.

- (a) Show that

$$\int_a^b (f'(x) - s'_f(x)) s'_f(x) dx = 0.$$

(b) Show that

$$\|f' - s'_f\|_2^2 = \|f'\|_2^2 - \|s'_f\|_2^2.$$

Remark. Note that this also shows that $\|s'_f\|_2 \leq \|f'\|_2$. Hence, for any given values $y_0, \dots, y_n \in \mathbb{R}$, the linear spline function $s(x_i) = y_i$ solves the Variational Problem

$$\|f'\|_2 \rightarrow \min \quad \text{for } f \in C^1_\Delta[a, b] \quad \text{where } f(x_i) = y_i \text{ for } 0 \leq i \leq n.$$

(c) Show that for any arbitrary linear spline function $s \in S_{\Delta,1}$, we have

$$\|f' - s'_f\|_2 \leq \|f' - s'\|_2.$$

Question 3

[4 points]

Compute the natural cubic spline function $s: [0, 2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ for the following data:

x_i	0	1	2
y_i	1	2	0

Question 4

[3 points]

Suppose we have a decomposition

$$\Delta = \{0 = x_0 < x_1 < \dots < x_n = 1\}$$

of the interval $[0, 1]$ such that all the points are equi-distant. So $x_i = x_{i-1} + h$ for each $1 \leq i \leq n$, where $h = 1/n$.

We wish to approximate the function

$$f: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = \sin(2\pi x)$$

on this interval with a cubic spline function $s \in S_{\Delta,3}$ with natural boundary conditions.

How large must n be, so that the difference between s and f on the entire interval $[0, 1]$ is less than 10^{-2} ?

Deadline for handing in: 15:30 Thursday 19 November 2015

Please put solutions in one of the designated Numerik I boxes on the 1st floor (near the library)