

Übungen zur Vorlesung “Recursion Theory”

Aufgabe 25. Show that the set $\mathcal{D}_\infty$ of all unary functions whose graph is in Δ_∞^0 is analytical, and estimate its position in the analytical hierarchy. *Hint.* Recall the definition of the universal Σ_{r+1}^0 -definable relations $U_{r+1}^0(e, \vec{n})$:

$$\begin{aligned} U_1^0(e, \vec{n}) &: \leftrightarrow \exists_s T(e, \vec{n}, s) \quad (\leftrightarrow \vec{n} \in W_e^{(q)}), \\ U_{r+1}^0(e, \vec{n}) &: \leftrightarrow \exists_m \neg U_r^0(e, \vec{n}, m). \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe 26. Let U be a non-empty set, and $\Gamma: \mathcal{P}(U) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(U)$ a monotone operator.

$$\mathcal{C}_\Gamma := \bigcup \{ X \subseteq U \mid X \subseteq \Gamma(X) \}.$$

is called the set defined *co-inductively* by Γ . Prove that

- (a) If $X \subseteq \Gamma(X)$, then $X \subseteq \mathcal{C}_\Gamma$.
- (b) $\Gamma(\mathcal{C}_\Gamma) = \mathcal{C}_\Gamma$.

Hence $\mathcal{C}_\Gamma$ is the greatest fixed point of Γ .

Aufgabe 27. Let U be a non-empty set, and $\prec$ a binary relation on U . By a *reduction sequence* we mean a finite or infinite sequence $u_1, u_2, \dots$ of elements of U such that $u_i \succ u_{i+1}$ ($i \geq 1$). Show that $u \in \text{acc}_\prec$ if and only if every reduction sequence starting with u terminates after finitely many steps.

Aufgabe 28. Show that every Σ_1^0 -definable monotone operator Γ is continuous.