



LUDWIG-  
MAXIMILIANS-  
UNIVERSITÄT  
MÜNCHEN

MATHEMATISCHES INSTITUT



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Prof. D. Kotschick  
G. Placini

# Topology II

Sheet 3

**Exercise 1.**

Let  $(X, x_0), (Y, y_0)$  be pointed topological spaces such that  $x_0$  (respectively  $y_0$ ) has a contractible neighbourhood  $U \subset X$  (resp.  $V \subset Y$ ). Given an Abelian group  $G$ , compute the cohomology groups  $H^n(X \vee Y; G)$  of the wedge sum  $X \vee Y$ .

**Exercise 2.** Let  $X$  be a Moore space  $M(\mathbb{Z}_m, n)$  obtained by attaching a cell  $e^{n+1}$  to  $S^n$  by a map of degree  $m$ .

1. Show that the quotient map  $X \rightarrow X/S^n = S^{n+1}$  induces the trivial map on  $\tilde{H}_i(-; \mathbb{Z})$  for all  $i$ , but not on  $H^{n+1}(-; \mathbb{Z})$ . Deduce that the splitting in the universal coefficient theorem for cohomology cannot be natural.
2. Show that the inclusion  $S^n \hookrightarrow X$  induces the trivial map on  $\tilde{H}^i(-; \mathbb{Z})$  for all  $i$ , but not on  $H_n(-; \mathbb{Z})$ .

**Exercise 3.** Compute the cohomology groups of  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  with coefficients in  $\mathbb{Z}_2, \mathbb{Q}$  using cellular cohomology.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $X$  be a finite CW complex and  $H^i(X^i, X^{i-1}; \mathbb{Q})$  its  $i$ -th cellular cochain group. Show that

$$\sum_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} (-1)^i \dim H^i(X^i, X^{i-1}; \mathbb{Q}) = \sum_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} (-1)^i \dim H^i(X; \mathbb{Q}).$$

Hand in: during the lecture on Thursday, May 16th.