



Mathematics for Physicists II

Sheet 9

Exercise 1. If $A \in M_n(\mathbb{R})$ and A^1, \dots, A^n are the columns of A , show that A is invertible if and only if the vectors A^1, \dots, A^n are linearly independent in \mathbb{R}^n .

[4 Points]

Exercise 2. If $A \in M_{m,n}(\mathbb{R})$, show that

$$\text{Rank}(T_A) = \text{cRank}(A) \quad \& \quad \dim(\text{Ker}(T_A)) = n - \text{cRank}(A).$$

[4 Points]

Exercise 3. Let $A := [a_{ij}] \in M_{m,n}(\mathbb{R})$, $X = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n$, and $B = (b_1, \dots, b_m) \in \mathbb{R}^m$. Let X_0 be in the set of solutions Sol of the system of linear equations

$$AX = B.$$

If Sol_0 is the set of solutions of the corresponding homogeneous system of linear equations

$$AX = \mathbf{0}_m,$$

show that

$$\text{Sol} = X_0 + \text{Sol}_0.$$

[4 Points]

Exercise 4. Let X be a linear space, $n \geq 1$, $B_X := \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$ and $C_X := \{w_1, \dots, w_n\}$ are bases of X .

(i) If $x \in X$, show that $x_{C_X} = A_{(\text{id}_X)_{B_X C_X}} x_{B_X}$ and

$$A_{(\text{id}_X)_{B_X C_X}} = [(v_1)_{C_X} \quad \dots \quad (v_n)_{C_X}]$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 X & \xrightarrow{\text{id}_X} & X \\
 e_{B_X}^{-1} \uparrow & & \downarrow e_{C_X} \\
 \mathbb{R}^n & \xrightarrow{\text{---}} & \mathbb{R}^n \\
 & (\text{id}_X)_{B_X C_X} &
 \end{array}$$

[1 Point]

(ii) Show that $(\text{id}_X)_{B_X B_X} = \text{id}_{\mathbb{R}^n}$ and $A_{(\text{id}_X)_{B_X B_X}} = I_n$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 X & \xrightarrow{\text{id}_X} & X \\
 e_{B_X}^{-1} \uparrow & & \downarrow e_{B_X} \\
 \mathbb{R}^n & \xrightarrow{\text{---}} & \mathbb{R}^n \\
 & (\text{id}_X)_{B_X B_X} &
 \end{array}$$

[1 Point]

(iii) Find a 2-dimensional linear space X and bases B_X, C_X of X such that

$$(\text{id}_X)_{B_X C_X} \neq \text{id}_{\mathbb{R}^2} \quad \& \quad A_{(\text{id}_X)_{B_X C_X}} \neq I_2.$$

[2 Points]

Exercise 5. Let X, Y be linear spaces, $n, m \geq 1$, $B_X := \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$ a basis of X , $B_Y := \{w_1, \dots, w_m\}$ a basis of Y , and let $f, g : X \rightarrow Y$ be linear maps. Show the following:

(i) $A_{(f+g)_{B_X B_Y}} = A_{f_{B_X B_Y}} + A_{g_{B_X B_Y}}$.

[1 Point]

(ii) If $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$, then $A_{(\lambda f)_{B_X B_Y}} = \lambda A_{f_{B_X B_Y}}$.

[1 Point]

(iii) The function $e_{B_X B_Y} : \mathcal{L}(X, Y) \rightarrow M_{m,n}(\mathbb{R})$, defined by $f \mapsto A_{f_{B_X B_Y}}$, for every $f \in \mathcal{L}(X, Y)$, is a linear isomorphism.

[2 Points]

Submission. Wednesday 26. June 2019, 16:00.

Discussion. Wednesday 26. June 2019, in the Exercise-session.