



## Mathematics for Physicists II

### Sheet 7

**Exercise 1.** Let  $X, Y$  be linear spaces,  $C, C' \subseteq X$ , and  $D \subseteq Y$ . Show the following:

(i) If  $C$  is convex in  $X$ , and  $D$  is convex in  $Y$ , then  $C \times D$  is convex in  $X \times Y$ .

**[2 Points]**

(ii) If  $C, C'$  are convex, then  $C + C' := \{c + c' \mid c \in C \text{ \& } c' \in C'\}$  is convex.

**[1 Point]**

(iii) If  $C$  is convex, and  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ , then  $aC := \{a \cdot c \mid c \in C\}$  is convex.

**[1 Point]**

**Exercise 2.** Let  $X$  be a linear space, and  $Y, Z \subseteq X$ . Show the following:

(i)  $Y \subseteq \text{Conv}(Y)$ .

**[0.5 Point]**

(ii) If  $Y \subseteq Z$ , then  $\text{Conv}(Y) \subseteq \text{Conv}(Z)$ .

**[0.5 Point]**

(iii)  $\text{Conv}(\text{Conv}(Y)) = \text{Conv}(Y)$ .

**[1 Point]**

(iv)  $\text{Conv}(Y \cap Z) \subseteq \text{Conv}(Y) \cap \text{Conv}(Z)$ . Does the converse inclusion hold?

**[1 Point]**

(v)  $\text{Conv}(Y) \cup \text{Conv}(Z) \subseteq \text{Conv}(Y \cup Z)$ . Does the converse inclusion hold?

**[0.5 Point]**

(vi)  $Y$  is convex if and only if  $\text{Conv}(Y) = Y$ .

**[0.5 Point]**

**Exercise 3.** Let  $X, Y$  be linear spaces,  $f \in \mathcal{L}(X, Y)$ ,  $C \subseteq X$ ,  $D \subseteq Y$ , and  $Z \preceq X$ . Show the following:

(i) If  $D$  is convex in  $Y$ , then  $f^{-1}(D) := \{x \in X \mid f(x) \in D\}$  is convex in  $X$ .

[1 Point]

(ii) If  $C$  is convex in  $X$ , then  $f(C) := \{f(c) \mid c \in C\}$  is convex in  $Y$ .

[1 Point]

(iii) If  $C$  is convex in  $X$ , then  $C + Z := \{c + Z \mid c \in C\}$  is convex in  $X/Z$ .

[1 Point]

(iv) If  $n \geq 1$ , and  $x_1, \dots, x_n \in X$ , then

$$f(\mathbf{Conv}(x_1, \dots, x_n)) = \mathbf{Conv}(f(x_1), \dots, f(x_n)).$$

[1 Point]

**Exercise 4.** If  $X$  is a linear space,  $f, g \in X^* := \mathcal{L}(X, \mathbb{R})$ , and  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ , show that the following sets

$$[f > a] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) > a\},$$

$$[f \geq a] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) \geq a\},$$

$$[f = a] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) = a\},$$

$$[f < a] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) < a\},$$

$$[f \leq a] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) \leq a\},$$

$$[f > g] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) > g(x)\},$$

$$[f \geq g] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) \geq g(x)\},$$

$$[f = g] := \{x \in X \mid f(x) = g(x)\},$$

are convex in  $X$ .

(each case [0.5 Point])

**Exercise 5.** (i) Let  $C_1, C_2$  be convex sets in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , and let  $x \in \mathbf{Conv}(C_1 \cup C_2)$ . Show that there are  $y, y' \in C_1 \cup C_2$  such that  $x \in \mathbf{Conv}(y, y')$  (note that  $y$  and  $y'$  can be equal).

[2 Points]

(ii) If  $1 < k \leq n$ , and  $C_1, \dots, C_k$  are convex subsets of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , show that for every

$$x \in \mathbf{Conv}\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^k C_i\right)$$

there is  $m \leq k$ , and there are  $y_1, \dots, y_m \in \bigcup_{i=1}^k C_i$ , such that

$$x \in \mathbf{Conv}(y_1, \dots, y_m).$$

[2 Points]

**Submission.** Wednesday 12. June 2019, 16:00.

**Discussion.** Wednesday 12. June 2019, in the Exercise-session.