

①

Note On claim in Pf. of 2-9:

"If $\Psi \in D(\mathcal{H}_N)$ is a unit vector, we may write

$$\Psi = \Psi_1 \otimes \Psi_1 + \dots + \Psi_K \otimes \Psi_K$$

where $\Psi_1, \dots, \Psi_K \in D(\mathcal{H}_1)$ and $\Psi_1, \dots, \Psi_K \in \mathcal{H}_2 \otimes \dots \otimes \mathcal{H}_N$

an orthonormal. Since Ψ is a unit vector we

$$\text{have } \|\Psi_1\|^2 + \dots + \|\Psi_K\|^2 = 1."$$

Proof: We denote $\mathcal{H} := \mathcal{H}_2$, $\mathcal{K} := \mathcal{H}_2 \otimes \dots \otimes \mathcal{H}_N$

Let $\Psi \in \text{span} \{ \phi \otimes \psi \mid \phi \in \mathcal{H}, \psi \in \mathcal{K} \}$,

$$\text{i.e. } \Psi = \sum_{i=1}^M a_i \tilde{\phi}_i \otimes \tilde{\psi}_i, \quad \tilde{\phi}_i \in \mathcal{H}, \tilde{\psi}_i \in \mathcal{K}$$

Let $\{ \Psi_1, \dots, \Psi_K \} \subseteq \mathcal{K}$ be an ONB for

the finite dim. subspace $\text{span} \{ \tilde{\psi}_1, \dots, \tilde{\psi}_M \} \subseteq \mathcal{K}$.

Then $\tilde{\psi}_i = \sum_{j=1}^K b_{ij} \Psi_j$ for certain $b_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}$.

Hence, by ~~matrix~~ bilinearity,

$$\tilde{\phi}_i \otimes \tilde{\psi}_i = \tilde{\phi}_i \otimes \left(\sum_{j=1}^K b_{ij} \Psi_j \right) = \sum_{j=1}^K b_{ij} \tilde{\phi}_i \otimes \Psi_j,$$

$$\text{and so } \Psi = \sum_{i=1}^M a_i \tilde{\phi}_i \otimes \tilde{\psi}_i = \sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^K (a_i b_{ij}) \tilde{\phi}_i \otimes \Psi_j$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^K \left(\sum_{i=1}^M a_i b_{ij} \tilde{\phi}_i \right) \otimes \Psi_j \equiv \sum_{j=1}^K \psi_j \otimes \Psi_j$$

($\psi_j := \sum_{i=1}^M a_i b_{ij} \tilde{\phi}_i \in D(\mathcal{H}_1)$), with $\{ \Psi_1, \dots, \Psi_K \} \subseteq \mathcal{K}$

(2)

ONS.

Furthermore,

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= \|\Psi\|_{H \otimes K} = (\Psi, \Psi)_{H \otimes K} \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^K (\psi_j \otimes \Psi_j, \psi_i \otimes \Psi_i)_{H \otimes K} \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^K (\psi_j, \psi_i)_H \cdot \underbrace{(\Psi_j, \Psi_i)_K}_{\delta_{ij}} \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^K \|\psi_j\|_H^2. \end{aligned}$$

□
